
Supplementary material for “Information matrices for composite type distributions”

Authors: JIAHANG LYU 

– Department of Mathematics, University of Manchester
 UK
 jiahang.lyu@manchester.ac.uk

SARALEES NADARAJAH  

– Department of Mathematics, University of Manchester
 UK
 mbbssn2@manchester.ac.uk

Particular cases

Composite Weibull distribution

For this composite distribution due to Calderin-Ojeda [1], the body is described by the Weibull distribution while the distribution for the tail can be arbitrary. The probability density and cumulative distribution functions of the composite Weibull distribution are

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} r \frac{1}{1 - e^{-\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi}\right)^{\tau}}} \left(\frac{\tau}{x}\right) \left(\frac{x}{\phi}\right)^{\tau} e^{-\left(\frac{x}{\phi}\right)^{\tau}}, & 0 < x \leq \theta, \\ (1-r) \frac{f_0(x)}{1 - F_0(\theta)}, & \theta < x < \infty \end{cases}$$

and

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} r \frac{1 - e^{-\left(\frac{x}{\phi}\right)^{\tau}}}{1 - e^{-\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi}\right)^{\tau}}}, & 0 < x < \theta, \\ r + (1-r) \frac{F_0(x) - F_0(\theta)}{1 - F_0(\theta)}, & \theta < x < \infty, \end{cases}$$

respectively, where $\phi > 0$, $\tau > 1$, $\theta > 0$, $0 \leq r \leq 1$ and

$$r = \frac{f_0(\theta) \left[1 - e^{-\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi}\right)^{\tau}} \right]}{f_0(\theta) \left[1 - e^{-\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi}\right)^{\tau}} \right] + \frac{\tau}{\theta} \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^{\tau} e^{-\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi}\right)^{\tau}}}.$$

 Corresponding author

Suppose f_0 and F_0 are parameterized by Ω and let $\theta = \theta(\Omega)$ denote the mode of f_0 . Using expressions in Section 2 of the paper, the observed information matrix is given by (2.1), where the second order partial derivatives are

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2 \log L}{\partial \tau^2} &= \left(\frac{a}{r} - \frac{n-a}{1-r} \right) \frac{\partial^2 r}{\partial \tau^2} - \left[\frac{a}{r^2} + \frac{n-a}{(1-r)^2} \right] \left(\frac{\partial r}{\partial \tau} \right)^2 \\ &\quad - \frac{a \left[\log \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right) \right]^2 \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^\tau \left\{ e^{\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^\tau} \left[1 - \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^\tau \right] - 1 \right\}}{\left[e^{\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^\tau} - 1 \right]^2} \\ &\quad - \frac{a}{\tau^2} - \frac{(\log \phi)^2}{\phi^\tau} \sum_{x_i \leq \theta} x_i^\tau + \frac{2 \log \phi}{\phi^\tau} \sum_{x_i \leq \theta} x_i^\tau \log x_i - \frac{1}{\phi^\tau} \sum_{x_i \leq \theta} x_i^\tau (\log x_i)^2, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2 \log L}{\partial \tau \partial \phi} &= \left(\frac{a}{r} - \frac{n-a}{1-r} \right) \frac{\partial^2 r}{\partial \tau \partial \phi} - \left[\frac{a}{r^2} + \frac{n-a}{(1-r)^2} \right] \frac{\partial r}{\partial \tau} \frac{\partial r}{\partial \phi} - \frac{a}{\phi} \\ &\quad - \frac{a \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^\tau \left\{ \left[\tau \log \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right) \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^\tau - \tau \log \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right) - 1 \right] e^{\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^\tau} + \tau \log \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right) + 1 \right\}}{\phi \left[e^{\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^\tau} - 1 \right]^2} \\ &\quad + \frac{1 - \tau \log \phi}{\phi^{\tau+1}} \sum_{x_i \leq \theta} x_i^\tau + \frac{\tau}{\phi^{\tau+1}} \sum_{x_i \leq \theta} x_i^\tau \log x_i, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2 \log L}{\partial \tau \partial \Omega} &= \left(\frac{a}{r} - \frac{n-a}{1-r} \right) \frac{\partial^2 r}{\partial \tau \partial \Omega} + \left[\frac{\frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} r - \frac{\partial r}{\partial \Omega} a}{r^2} + \frac{\frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} (1-r) - \frac{\partial r}{\partial \Omega} a}{(1-r)^2} \right] \frac{\partial r}{\partial \tau} \\ &\quad + \left(\frac{1}{\tau} - \log \phi \right) \frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} \\ &\quad + \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega} \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta(x_i - \theta) \left(\log x_i + \frac{\log \phi}{\phi^\tau} x_i^\tau - \frac{x_i^\tau \log x_i}{\phi^\tau} \right) \\ &\quad - \frac{\frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} \log \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right) \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^\tau + \frac{a\phi}{\theta} \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega} \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^\tau + \log \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right) \frac{a\tau\theta^\tau}{\theta\phi^\tau}}{e^{\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^\tau} - 1} \\ &\quad + \frac{\frac{a\tau}{\theta} \log \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right) \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^{2\tau} e^{\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^\tau} \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega}}{\left[e^{\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^\tau} - 1 \right]^2}, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2 \log L}{\partial \phi^2} &= \left(\frac{a}{r} - \frac{n-a}{1-r} \right) \frac{\partial^2 r}{\partial \phi^2} - \left[\frac{a}{r^2} + \frac{n-a}{(1-r)^2} \right] \left(\frac{\partial r}{\partial \phi} \right)^2 \\ &\quad + \frac{a\tau \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^\tau \left\{ \left[\tau \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^\tau - \tau - 1 \right] e^{\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^\tau} + \tau + 1 \right\}}{\phi^2 \left[e^{\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^\tau} - 1 \right]^2} \\ &\quad + \frac{a\tau}{\phi^2} - \tau(\tau+1)\phi^{-\tau-2} \sum_{x_i \leq \theta} x_i^\tau, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2 \log L}{\partial \phi \partial \Omega} &= \left(\frac{a}{r} - \frac{n-a}{1-r} \right) \frac{\partial^2 r}{\partial \phi \partial \Omega} + \left[\frac{\frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} r - \frac{\partial r}{\partial \Omega} a}{r^2} + \frac{\frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} (1-r) - \frac{\partial r}{\partial \Omega} a}{(1-r)^2} \right] \frac{\partial r}{\partial \phi} \\ &\quad - \frac{\left[\frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} \tau \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^\tau + a\tau^2 \frac{\theta^{\tau-1}}{\phi^\tau} \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega} \right] \phi \left[e^{\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^\tau} - 1 \right] - a\tau^2 \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^{2\tau-1} \phi e^{\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^\tau} \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega}}{\phi \left[e^{\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi} \right)^\tau} - 1 \right]^2} \\ &\quad - \frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} \frac{\tau}{\phi} + \frac{\tau}{\phi^{\tau+1}} \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega} \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta(x_i - \theta) x_i^\tau \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial^2 \log L}{\partial \Omega^2} = & \left\{ \log r - \log \left[1 - e^{-\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi}\right)^\tau} \right] + \log \tau - \tau \log \phi \right\} \frac{\partial^2 a}{\partial \Omega^2} \\
& + \left\{ \frac{\partial r}{r \partial \Omega} - \frac{\tau \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi}\right)^\tau \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega}}{\theta \left[e^{\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi}\right)^\tau} - 1 \right]} \right\} \frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} \\
& - \{ \log(1-r) - \log [1 - F_0(\theta)] \} \frac{\partial^2 a}{\partial \Omega^2} + \left[\frac{f_0(\theta)}{1 - F_0(\theta)} \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega} + \frac{\partial r}{(1-r) \partial \Omega} \right] \frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} \\
& + \left(\frac{a}{r} - \frac{n-a}{1-r} \right) \frac{\partial^2 r}{\partial \Omega^2} + \frac{\frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} r - a \frac{\partial r}{\partial \Omega}}{r^2} \frac{\partial r}{\partial \Omega} \\
& - \frac{\partial^2 \theta}{\partial \Omega^2} \left\{ \frac{a \tau \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi}\right)^\tau}{\theta \left[e^{\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi}\right)^\tau} - 1 \right]} - \frac{(n-a)f_0(\theta)}{1 - F_0(\theta)} \right\} \\
& + \frac{\partial^2 \theta}{\partial \Omega^2} \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta(x_i - \theta) \left[(\tau-1) \log x_i - \frac{x_i^\tau}{\phi^\tau} - \log f_0(x_i) \right] \\
& - \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega} \frac{\left[-\frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} f_0(\theta) + (n-a) \frac{\partial f_0(\theta)}{\partial \Omega} \right] [1 - F_0(\theta)] + (n-a) [f_0(\theta)]^2 \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega}}{[1 - F_0(\theta)]^2} - \frac{\partial r}{\partial \Omega} \frac{-\frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega}(1-r) + (n-a) \frac{\partial r}{\partial \Omega}}{(1-r)^2} \\
& - \frac{a \tau \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi}\right)^\tau \left(\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega}\right)^2 \left\{ (\tau-1) \left[e^{\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi}\right)^\tau} - 1 \right] - \tau \left(\frac{\theta}{\phi}\right)^\tau e^{\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi}\right)^\tau} \right\}}{\theta^2 \left[e^{\left(\frac{\theta}{\phi}\right)^\tau} - 1 \right]^2}.
\end{aligned}$$

Composite exponential distribution

For this composite distribution due to Teodorescu and Vernic [2], the body is described by the exponential distribution while the distribution for the tail can be arbitrary. The probability density and cumulative distribution functions are

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} r \frac{\lambda e^{-\lambda x}}{1 - e^{-\lambda \theta}}, & 0 < x \leq \theta, \\ (1-r) \frac{f_0(x)}{1 - F_0(\theta)}, & \theta < x < \infty \end{cases}$$

and

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} r \frac{1 - e^{-\lambda x}}{1 - e^{-\lambda \theta}}, & 0 < x \leq \theta, \\ r + (1-r) \frac{F_0(x) - F_0(\theta)}{1 - F_0(\theta)}, & \theta < x < \infty, \end{cases}$$

respectively, where $\lambda > 0$, $\theta > 0$ and $0 \leq r \leq 1$. Suppose f_0 and F_0 are parameterized by Ω . The following conditions ensure continuity and differentiability of f at θ

$$r = \frac{f_0(\theta) (1 - e^{-\lambda \theta})}{\lambda e^{-\lambda \theta} [1 - F_0(\theta)] + f_0(\theta) (1 - e^{-\lambda \theta})}$$

and

$$\frac{-r \lambda^2 e^{-\lambda \theta}}{e^{2\lambda \theta}} = \frac{(1-r) f'_0(\theta) [1 - F_0(\theta)] + [f_0(\theta)]^2}{[1 - F_0(\theta)]^2}.$$

Let $\theta = \theta(\lambda, \Omega)$ and $r = r(\lambda, \Omega)$ be the solutions of these two conditions.

Using expressions in Section 2 of the paper, the observed information matrix is given by (2.1), where the second order partial derivatives are

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2 \log L}{\partial \lambda^2} &= \frac{\partial^2 a}{\partial \lambda^2} \left[\log r + \log \lambda - \log \left(1 - e^{-\lambda \theta} \right) \right] + \frac{2\partial a}{\partial \lambda} \left(\frac{\partial r}{r \partial \lambda} + \frac{1}{\lambda} - \frac{\theta + \lambda \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \lambda}}{e^{\lambda \theta} - 1} \right) \\ &\quad + a \left[\frac{\partial^2 r}{r \partial \lambda^2} - \frac{1}{r^2} \left(\frac{\partial r}{\partial \lambda} \right)^2 - \frac{1}{\lambda^2} - \frac{2\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \lambda} + \lambda \frac{\partial^2 \theta}{\partial \lambda^2}}{e^{\lambda \theta} - 1} + \frac{\left(\theta + \lambda \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \lambda} \right)^2 e^{\lambda \theta}}{\left(e^{\lambda \theta} - 1 \right)^2} \right] \\ &\quad - \frac{\partial^2 a}{\partial \lambda^2} \{ \log(1 - r) - \log [1 - F_0(\theta)] \} - \frac{2\partial a}{\partial \lambda} \left[\frac{\partial r}{(r-1)\partial \lambda} + \frac{f_0(\theta)}{1 - F_0(\theta)} \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \lambda} \right] \\ &\quad + (n-a) \left[\frac{\partial^2 r}{(r-1)\partial \lambda^2} - \frac{1}{(r-1)^2} \left(\frac{\partial r}{\partial \lambda} \right)^2 + \frac{f_0(\theta)}{1 - F_0(\theta)} \frac{\partial^2 \theta}{\partial \lambda^2} \right] \\ &\quad + (n-a) \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \lambda} \frac{\frac{\partial f_0(\theta)}{\partial \lambda} [1 - F_0(\theta)] + [f_0(\theta)]^2 \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \lambda}}{[1 - F_0(\theta)]^2} \\ &\quad - \frac{\partial^2 \theta}{\partial \lambda^2} \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta(x_i - \theta) [f_0(x_i) + \lambda x_i] + \sum_{x_i > \theta} \frac{\partial^2 f_0(x_i)}{\partial \lambda^2} \\ &\quad - \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \lambda} \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta(x_i - \theta) \left[\frac{2\partial f_0(x_i)}{\partial \lambda} + 2x_i \right], \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2 \log L}{\partial \lambda \partial \Omega} &= \frac{\partial^2 a}{\partial \lambda \partial \Omega} \left[\log r + \log \lambda - \log \left(1 - e^{-\lambda \theta} \right) \right] + \frac{\partial a}{\partial \lambda} \left(\frac{\partial r}{r \partial \Omega} - \frac{\lambda \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega}}{e^{\lambda \theta} - 1} \right) \\ &\quad + \frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} \left(\frac{\partial r}{r \partial \lambda} + \frac{1}{\lambda} - \frac{\theta + \lambda \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \lambda}}{e^{\lambda \theta} - 1} \right) \\ &\quad + m \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 r}{r \partial \lambda \partial \Omega} - \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial r}{\partial \lambda} \frac{\partial r}{\partial \Omega} - \left[\frac{\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega} + \lambda \frac{\partial^2 \theta}{\partial \lambda \partial \Omega}}{e^{\lambda \theta} - 1} - \frac{\left(\theta + \lambda \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega} \right) \lambda \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega} e^{\lambda \theta}}{\left(e^{\lambda \theta} - 1 \right)^2} \right] \right\} \\ &\quad - \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega} \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta(x_i - \theta) \left[x_i + \frac{\partial f_0(x_i)}{\partial \lambda} \right] - \frac{\partial^2 a}{\partial \lambda \partial \Omega} \{ \log(1 - r) - \log [1 - F_0(\theta)] \} \\ &\quad - \frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} \left[\frac{\partial r}{(r-1)\partial \lambda} + \frac{f_0(\theta)}{1 - F_0(\theta)} \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \lambda} \right] - \frac{\partial a}{\partial \lambda} \left[\frac{\partial r}{(r-1)\partial \Omega} + \frac{f_0(\theta)}{1 - F_0(\theta)} \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega} \right] \\ &\quad + (n-a) \left[\frac{\partial^2 r}{(r-1)\partial \lambda \partial \Omega} - \frac{1}{(r-1)^2} \frac{\partial r}{\partial \lambda} \frac{\partial r}{\partial \Omega} + \frac{\partial^2 \theta}{\partial \lambda \partial \Omega} \frac{f_0(\theta)}{1 - F_0(\theta)} \right] \\ &\quad + (n-a) \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \lambda} \frac{\frac{\partial f_0(\theta)}{\partial \Omega} [1 - F_0(\theta)] + [f_0(\theta)]^2 \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega}}{[1 - F_0(\theta)]^2} \\ &\quad - \frac{\partial^2 \theta}{\partial \lambda \partial \Omega} \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta(x_i - \theta) [f_0(x_i) + \lambda x_i] + \sum_{x_i > \theta} \frac{\partial^2 f_0(x_i)}{\partial \lambda \partial \Omega} \\ &\quad - \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \lambda} \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta(x_i - \theta) \frac{\partial f_0(x_i)}{\partial \Omega} \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial^2 \log L}{\partial \Omega^2} &= \frac{\partial^2 a}{\partial \Omega^2} \left[\log r + \log \lambda - \log (1 - e^{-\lambda \theta}) \right] + \frac{2\partial a}{\partial \Omega} \left(\frac{\partial r}{r \partial \Omega} - \frac{\lambda \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega}}{e^{\lambda \theta} - 1} \right) \\
&\quad + a \left[\frac{\partial^2 r}{r \partial \Omega^2} - \frac{1}{r^2} \left(\frac{\partial r}{\partial \Omega} \right)^2 - \frac{\lambda \frac{\partial^2 \theta}{\partial \Omega^2} (e^{\lambda \theta} - 1) - \left(\lambda \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega} \right)^2 e^{\lambda \theta}}{(e^{\lambda \theta} - 1)^2} \right] \\
&\quad - \frac{\partial^2 \theta}{\partial \Omega^2} \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta(x_i - \theta) [f_0(x_i) + \lambda x_i] \\
&\quad - \frac{2\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega} \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta(x_i - \theta) \frac{\partial f_0(x_i)}{\partial \Omega} + \sum_{x_i > \theta} \frac{\partial^2 f_0(x_i)}{\partial \Omega^2} - \frac{\partial^2 a}{\partial \Omega^2} \{ \log(1 - r) - \log[1 - F_0(\theta)] \} \\
&\quad - \frac{2\partial a}{\partial \Omega} \left[\frac{\partial r}{(r-1)\partial \Omega} + \frac{f_0(\theta)}{1-F_0(\theta)} \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega} \right] \\
&\quad + (n-a) \left[\frac{\partial^2 r}{(r-1)\partial \Omega^2} - \frac{1}{(r-1)^2} \left(\frac{\partial r}{\partial \Omega} \right)^2 + \frac{\partial^2 \theta}{\partial \Omega^2} \frac{f_0(\theta)}{1-F_0(\theta)} \right] \\
&\quad + (n-a) \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega} \frac{\frac{\partial f_0(\theta)}{\partial \Omega} [1-F_0(\theta)] + [f_0(\theta)]^2 \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \Omega}}{[1-F_0(\theta)]^2}.
\end{aligned}$$

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